IXODES TEXANUS IN EASTERN CANADA

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Source: Bulletin of the Wildlife Disease Association, 2(3): 78-79

Published By: Wildlife Disease Association

URL: https://doi.org/10.7589/0090-3558-2.3.78.a

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NEW HOST AND DISTRIBUTION RECORDS OF ACANTHOCEPHALA FROM NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS

During the past few years the authors have surveyed the helminth parasites of birds in several localities of the United States. This paper reports some host and

TABLE 1. Some records of Acanthoce-phala from birds

Parasite	Host and State
Polymorphidae	
Polymorphus	Fulica
trochus	americana
Van Cleave, 194	5 Montana*
Polumorphus sp.	xoreus naevius*
	Oregon
Arhuthmorhunchus	Larus
longicollis	delawarensis*
(Villot, 1875)	Oregon*
Plagiorhynchidae	00
Plagiorhymchus	Ixoreus
formosus	naevius*
Orego	n*. Washington
Van Cleave	Colaptes
1918	cafer
2010	Washington
Plagiorhunchus	Passerella
paulus	iliaca
pantas	Oregon*
Van Cleave and	Lxoreus
Williams 195	1 naevius*
() III (), IV	Washington*
Centrorhynchidae	W domington
Snhaerirostris	Ixoreus
lancea	naevius
	Washington*
Westrumb 1821) Perisoreus
Golvan 1960	obscurus*
dorrun, 1000	Washington*
Gigantorhynchidae	ii asiiiiBtoii
Mediorhynchus	Ouiscalus
arandis	auiscula
Van Cleave	Sternella
1916	nealecta*
1010	Colorado*
Mediorhunchus	Turdus
panillosus	migratorius*
papinoun	Colorado*
Van Cleave	Junco
1916	canicens*
1010	Colorado*
Penthestes aambeli*	
1 0.4	Colorado*
Mediorhunchus so	Seinrus
a caron guona op.	noveboracensis*
	New York

distribution records of Acanthocephala which appear to be new. New host and state records are indicated by an asterisk in the following table. The worms are retained in the authors' collections.

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IXODES TEXANUS IN EASTERN CANADA

The presence of *Ixodes texanus* Banks has been reported only twice in Ontario, all other records indicate that this tick is restricted in Canada to the west coast area (Gregson, 1956, Can. Dept. Agric. Publ. 930). Reports from the United States, however, record the distribution of *I. texanus* in Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida in the eastern area (Clifford, Anastos, and Elbe, 1961, Entomol. Soc. Amer., Miscell. Publ. 2, 215-237).

The author has made several collections of *I. texanus* from Ontario, the records of which are listed below.

Ontario.

- South March, 6.II.64, ex Mephitis mephitis 1L Cookstown, 14.II.64, ex Pro-
- cyon lotor 1 9 Strathroy, 27.IV.64, ex Pro-
- cyon lotor 30 \$ \$, 1\$, 6LL Fletcher, 21.V.64, ex Procyon lotor 1 \$
- Mactier, 5.VI.64, ex Procyon lotor 3 9 9

Mescow, 7.VII.64, ex Procyon lotor 1 9

- Toronto, 13.VIII.64, ex Procyon lotor 3 9 9
- Barrie, 29.1X.64, ex Procyon lotor 1 9
- Moffat, 6.IV.65, ex Procyon lotor 1 9
- London, 30.IV.65, ex Procyon lotor 3 9 9
- Weston, 13.V.65, ex Procyon lotor 18 9 9, 7LL
- Winona, 20.V.65, ex Procyon lotor 1 9
- Hyndford, 7.VII.65, ex Vulpes fulva 1 9
- Monkton, 21.VII.65, ex Procyon lotor 1 9

The distribution of hosts, from which the ticks were collected, would indicate that this species is fairly well established in Southern Ontario. It is the purpose of this note to confirm the presence of *I*. *texanus* in this area.

The author expresses his appreciation to Dr. J. D. Gregson, Research Station, Canada Department Agriculture, Kamloops, B. C. for confirming the indentification of this tick. The assistance of Mr. J.E.H. Martin and Miss I. S. Creelman, Research Branch, Ottawa, Ont. with regards to records is gratefully acknowledged.

W. A. WEBSTER Animal Disease Research Inst. Canada Dept. of Agriculture Hull, Quebec, 25 February, 1966

PNEUMOSTRONGYLUS TENUIS FROM ELK (CERVUS CANADENSIS) IN MINNESOTA

A new host record for the parasitic nematode, *Pneumostrongylus tenuis* Dougherty 1945, has been established for Minnesota by the recovery of several first stage larvae from elk droppings collected on February 1, 1966, approximately nine miles north of Grygla, Marshall County, in northwestern Minnesota. The pellets were frozen at the time of collection and were kept frozen until February 5 when they were introduced into the Baeiman apparatuses at the Winton Game and Fish Headquarters. Twenty apparatuses were in use.

After 48 hours five first-stage larvae were observed on 102 slides. After 72 hours a single larva was found on 94 slides and one larva was found after 120 hours on ten slides. Measurements of the larvae fell within the limits as described by R. C. Anderson in the Canadian Journal of Zoology 41:775-792. A photograph of one of these larvae is shown in Figure 1.



FIGURE 1. First-stage larva of Pneumostrongylus tenuis found in droppings of Minnesota Elk.

P. tenuis is common in the whitetailed deer (Odocoileus virginianus borealis) of this region, occurring in about 35 percent of the adult deer (Karns, unpublished data). It has also been reported