

CLASSIFICATION

Table of Genera of Sarcophagidae*

1. Abdomen wholly shining black; arista long-plumose (tropics).

Phrissopodia Macq.

Abdomen with three rows of shining black spots on the second, third and fourth segments; these are sometimes confluent, but at least the intervening angles are densely pollinose; arista pubescent (widespread north)

Wohlfahrtia B and B.

Abdomen pollinose, at most the hinder part of the segments shining black in certain lights, tessellated in others 2.

2. Veins 1, 3, and 5 hairy; first posterior cell closed and short petiolate (tropical).

Johnsonia Coq.

Vein 5 always bare 3.

3. Male with one orbital bristle, proclinate (the uppermost frontal sometimes simulating another, but reclinate) 4.

Male without orbital 6.

4. Front protuberant; vibrissæ approximated and high above oral margin (Louisiana)

Camptops n. g.

Front not protuberant, vibrissæ as usual 5.

5. Metacephalon greatly developed, hence the lower edge of head remarkably long, produced backward (tropical)

Sarothromyia B. and B.

Metacephalon not greatly developed (tropical)

Sarcophagula V. d. W.

*Note.—In order to utilize the most salient differences, the table is based to some degree on male characters, although it is believed that all the genera are recognizable in the female sex. Only genera studied by the writer are included, but notes on others supposed to be allied are given at the end.