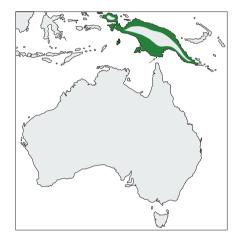
Subgenus Sylphitreron Bonaparte

Sylphitreron Bonaparte, Consp. Av., 2, 1854, p. 40. Type, by original designation, Columba perlata Temminck.

In molecular analyses, the nine Moluccan–Melanesian species included in this subgenus formed a supported clade with some irresolution between them (Cibois *et al.* 2014). There is little or no sexual dimorphism, and a prominent feature of the plumage pattern

are wing markings in the form of a 'shoulder-patch' or spotting on the wing-coverts. The only species occurring in Australia is *P. iozonus*, which has been recorded in the northernmost Torres Strait islands.



ORANGE-BELLIED FRUIT-DOVE

Ptilinopus iozonus (G. R. Gray)

Ptilonopus iozonus G. R. Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1858, p. 186. (Aru Islands.)

DESCRIPTION

Length 21 cm.

ADULTS

General plumage on both upperparts and underparts rich olivegreen with golden-bronze tone; bend of wing and outer lesser wingcoverts mauve, forming conspicuous 'shoulder-patch'; tertials and innermost median wing-coverts grey-blue with broad green edges; secondary-coverts bright green with strong yellow edges; secondaries bright green with fine pale yellow margins; primary-coverts and primaries bluish-black, suffused green on outer webs and at tips; underwing-coverts and undersides of flight feathers grey; chin grey suffused olive-green; orange abdominal patch, more extensive in male; thighs grey; under tail-coverts cream-white with yellow tips; tail green above with broad blue-grey terminal band, brown-grey below with broad pale grey terminal band; bill olive with yellow tip; iris yellow to white; eyering bluish-green; legs and feet reddishpurple; weight males 100-140 g, females 95-120 g. 35 males (New Guinea): wing 115-125 (120.1) mm, tail 47-58 (52.8) mm, bill 15-20 (16.9) mm, tarsus 18-23 (20.9) mm. 25 females (New Guinea): wing 115-123 (118.9) mm, tail 48-54 (51.0) mm, bill 15–18 (16.8) mm, tarsus 20–23 (21.2) mm.

JUVENILES

Entirely dark olive-green, paler on underparts, but overall darker than adults; yellow margins to feathers on mantle, scapulars and wing-coverts giving barred appearance; feathers of underparts also with yellow margins, and most prominently on abdomen; underwing-coverts grey with yellow margins to feathers; less prominent terminal tail-band; bill brownish-olive with greenish-yellow tip; iris yellow-grey; legs and feet red.

DISTRIBUTION

Boigu Island, northernmost Torres Strait, north Queensland; also Aru Islands, Indonesia, and New Guinea.

SUBSPECIES

1. P. i. finschi Mayr Ptilinopus iozonus finschi Mayr, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 17, 1931, p.705. (Finschhafen.)

Birds seen on Boigu Island undoubtedly belong to this subspecies, which is described above, and is widespread throughout the lowlands of southern and south-eastern Papua New Guinea, west in the north to the Huon Peninsula and in the south to the Trans-Fly River region.

2. Other subspecies occur elsewhere in the lowlands of New Guinea, including offshore islands, and on the Aru Islands, Indonesia.

GENERAL NOTES

First sightings of the Orange-bellied Fruit-Dove on Boigu Island, northernmost Torres Strait, were made on 14 and 15 November 2004, and a series of photographs was obtained. Clarke (2007) records these sightings as follows:

On 15 November 2004 at 0740 h, while standing on grassland south of the Boigu Island airstrip and looking towards mangroves near the dump, I observed a small fruit-dove in flight. The bird was initially observed flying out of the mangroves and gaining height in front of my position. It flew out over the clearing for about 100 m before circling

OPPOSITE:

Orange-bellied Fruit-Dove *Ptilinopus iozonus finschi* with climbing fig *Ficus pantoniana*. Front: ANWC B09684 adult ? Ravi Kivau village, Purari River delta, PNG, 20 February 1966. Rear: ANWC B03826 adult & Brown River, PNG, 5 September 1968.